

CAPNOGRAPHY WAVEFORM DURING ANESTHETIC INDEX DETERMINATION IN CHICKENS (Gallus gallus domesticus)



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Introduction

The respiratory anesthetic index (AI) of an inhalant anesthetic is the ratio between the expired concentration required to induce apnea and its minimum anesthetic concentration (MAC) and can be used as an indicator of drug safety.

Birds have limited functional residual capacity, which limits the duration of apnea tolerated without considerable risk of hypoxemia and death. In ducks (*Anas platyrhynchos*), the isoflurane AI is 1.65, and in chickens, is 2.80. However the capnographic waveform changes during this determination were not reported.



To report the variation of capnography waveforms observed during the AI determination on chickens.

Material and Methods



Results

• During MAC determination, the capnography

Notch on phase

waveforms presented a normal pattern				III at 2.0 MAC	
and cranial respiratory movement as Fe _{ISO}				Double-wave at	
increase	Mean ± SD	MAC	AI	2.5 MAC	$2 \bigcup_{0} V \bigcup_{1} V \bigcup_$
	HR (bpm)	250 ± 50	$320 \pm 34*$	Total separation	
	ETCO2 (mmHg)	35 ± 6	$103 \pm 11*$	at 3.0 MAC	

Conclusion

There is a distinct change in the pattern of respiratory movement and consequently capnography waveform in chickens related to the increase in isoflurane end-tidal concentration. Observing any these patterns could be indicative of an excessive anesthetic depth.

References

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