

# Preparing Horses for Standing Ophthalmic Surgery



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## Background

- Improve care for horses with ophthalmic diseases or problems
  - Anatomy suited for standing surgery
  - Earlier surgical intervention
  - Multiple procedures



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## Background

- Eliminate GA/recovery risks
- Increase in case management efficiency
- Hospitalization/convalescence
  - Reduced duration



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### Overview

- General anesthesia
- Standing sedation
- Local anesthesia and head support
- Surgical procedures
- Other considerations

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### General anesthesia



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### General anesthesia



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### Standing Sedation



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### Sedation

- Detomidine (0.01-0.02 mg/kg) i.v.
- Butorphanol (0.01—0.02 mg/kg) i.v.
- Butorphanol (0.02-0.04 mg/kg) i.m.



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### Analgesia/akinesia

- Frontal/palpebral/  
auriculopalpebral
- 2% mepivacaine s.c.
- 0.5% proparacaine HCL



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## Analgesia/akinesia

- Frontal/palpebral/auriculopalpebral
- Retrobulbar block
- 2% mepivacaine s.c.
- 0.5% proparacaine HCL



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## Retrobulbar block

- Immobilization of the globe
- Prevents horse from watching the surgery – INCREASES compliance & decreases movement
- But...also effective intra-/perioperative analgesia
  - Improved postoperative comfort

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## Head position & support



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Head position & support



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Head position & support



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Head position & support



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Head position & support



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Head position & support



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Head position & support



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Clinician position



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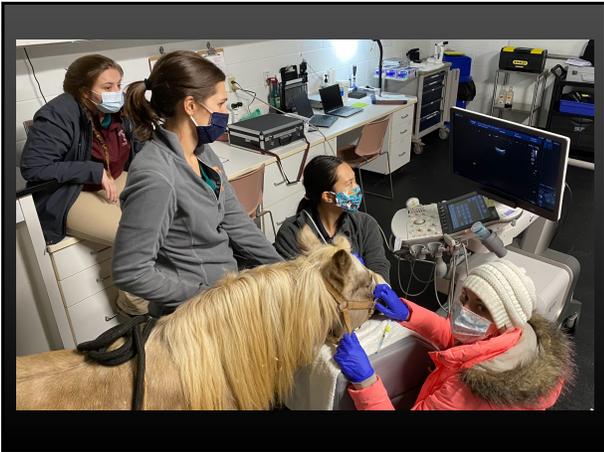
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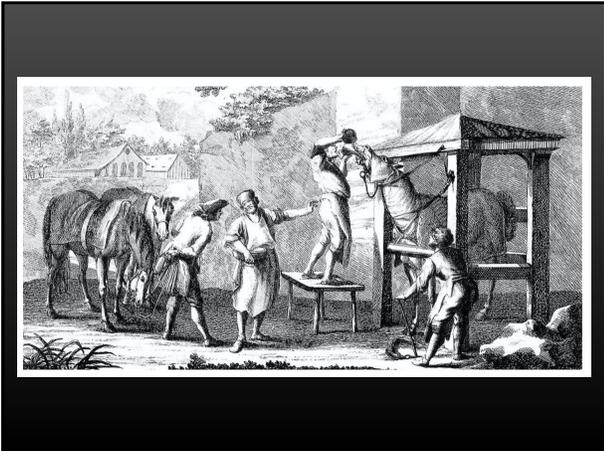
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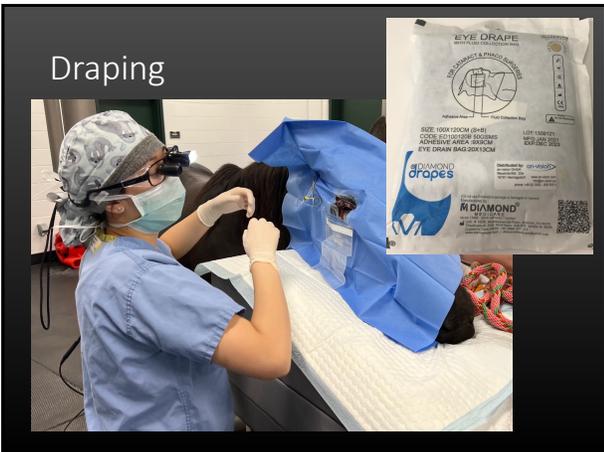
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### Draping

- Quick & minimally invasive procedures
- NO drape



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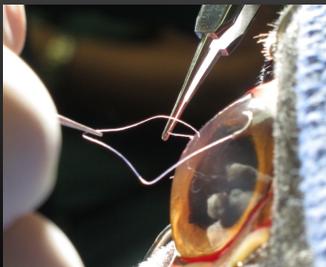
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### Draping

- When using suture
- DRAPE



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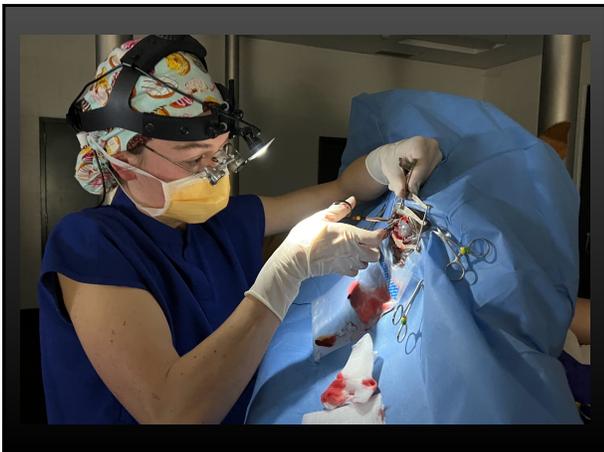
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### Considerations

- Do not cover contralateral eye
- Absorbent > plastic
  - Noise
- Self-adhesive
  - Ioban
- Fixate drape to halter



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### Microsurgical instrumentation



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### Eyelid speculum

- Blades open parallel
  - Uniform palpebral fissure
- No pressure on globe
- Fixation points for stay sutures



<https://northamerica.covetrus.com/search?q=eyelid%20speculum>

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### Forceps & needle holders

- Colibri forceps & needle holders with longer grip
  - Facilitate better hand support
  - Increase field of view
  - Tissue fixation w/o hands over LOI



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### Martinez corneal dissector



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### Conjunctival & amnion grafts

- Ford interlocking suture pattern



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### Magnification & illumination



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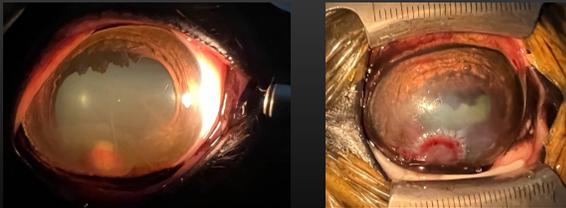
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### Standing ophthalmic surgery



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### Categories of surgery

- Category I: Minimally invasive
- Category II: Simple
- Category III: Advanced
- Category IV: Complicated

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## Categories of surgery

- Category I:       MINIMALLY INVASIVE
  - Quick – No RB, profound sedation & LA
  - Examples:
    - Aqueous paracentesis, intravitreal and suprachoroidal injections, episcleral cyclosporine implant placement, diamond burr keratotomy

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## Categories of surgery

- Category II:       SIMPLE
  - More advanced instrumentation
  - More time consuming, RB & LA
  - Examples:
    - Enucleation, nictitans excision, eyelid neoplasia, laser ablation iris/uveal cysts, transscleral cyclophotocoagulation (TSCP)

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## Categories of surgery

- Category III:       ADVANCED
  - Sutures required, precise tissue dissection
  - Microsurgical skills
  - Examples:
    - Superficial lamellar keratectomy (SLK), grafting procedures (conjunctiva, amniotic membrane, BioSIS, A-cell), intrastromal corneal injections, glaucoma shunt bleb revision (“deroofing”)

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### Categories of surgery

- Category IV:      **COMPLICATED**
  - Highly specialized procedures
  - Require advanced microsurgical skills/experience, patience and intuition
  - Examples:
    - Suprachoroidal cyclosporine implant placement (CSI), deep lamellar endothelial keratoplasty (DLEK), posterior lamellar keratoplasty (PLK), corneoconjunctival transposition (CCT), gonio-shunt placement

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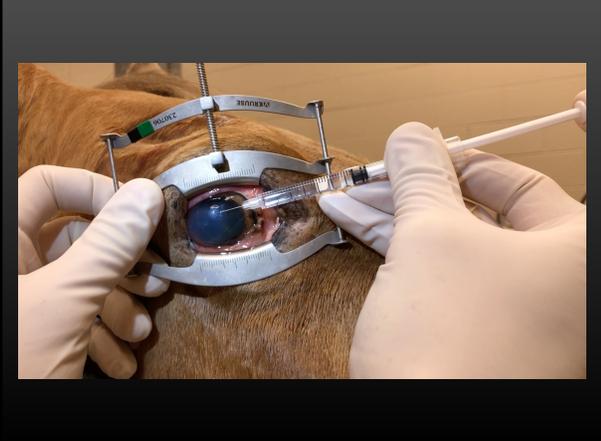
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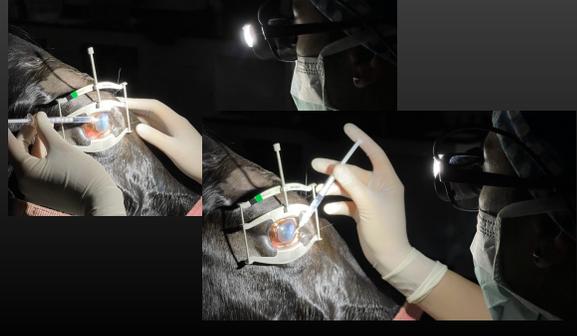
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### Be a little ambidextrous



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### Take home points

- Use pads instead of people for stands
- Embrace the retrobulbar block
- Keep horse's eye at shoulder/eye level whenever possible
- 30G/12mm length needles or microneedles
- Ford interlocking suture pattern

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### Acknowledgements

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